

Review of Chapter 7 of the book titled “The Fall of Ottomans”

**by Eugene Rogan,
related to the annihilation of the Armenians.**

Yurdagül Atun¹, Şükrü Server Aya², Ata Atun³

**Girne American University, International Aydin University
NORTH CYPRUS**

yurdagulbeyoglu@hotmail.com, ata.atun@atun.com, ssaya@superonline.com

Abstract. Subject chapter, Chapter 7 of The Fall of Ottomans, bears no “judicially valid evidences at all”, and is a narration of other people’s narratives or works. It has no chronological consistency or any reasons properly told. These are too many and would require another chapter of verbatim answers which can be documentarily given with ease. The dependable source Taner Akcam (an extreme leftist prison fugitive in 1978, sheltered in Germany for a decade and later transferred to the care of Mr. Dadrian and created as scholar) in all these years has not produced one authentic document, other than “stories or fake evidences”. His salaries at Universities have been paid by rich Armenians. He is doing a “job for the money and support he gets”. The following posting with several references, unless the opposite is proven, weighs his scholarship and ethics: (Note: The blog post and share all polite comments).

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2015/05/3547-exposing-akcams-shady-scholarship.html>

All other younger Turkish scholars and Akcam, I am sure, cannot answer or comment even for a quarter of the documentary evidences attached. Nobel laureate Mr. Pamuk ? He just spoke for 1 million deaths as the password and got the prize thanks to the “complete support, proofreading and alterations of Prof. Maureen Freely”. Mr. Balakian is a “novelist”; in none of these charges we are shown even one page of “authentic evidence”. It is all like separate grand ma tales...

As regards Mr. Donald Bloxham’s book, the following two essays will tell you about the photo fakery in his book. Ask Oxford University Press, they acknowledged the fakery but remained silent instead of an apology:

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2010/01/2999-forging-past-oup-and-armenian.html>

My review:

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2008/06/2483-shameful-act-of-scholarship-great.html>

comments on Bloxham and Akcam books put next to each other.

Keywords: Armenian, Evidence, Fake, Non academic, Stories

INTRODUCTION:

One of our readers sent me a photocopy of this chapter and asked from us to comment, since the content much differs from what she read in author's and other books, some available as free book on internet:

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2008/04/2429-new-e-book-genocide-of-truth-based.html>

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2014/01/3432-free-e-book-genocide-of-truth.html>

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2015/10/3574-Free.E.Book.Preposterous.Paradoxes.of.Ambassador.Morgenthau.A.Factual.Story.About.Politics.Propaganda.Distortions.by.Sukru.Aya.html>

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2015/10/3573-Twisted.Law.versus.Proven.Facts-Geoffrey.Robertson.s.Opinion.On.Genocide.Against.Proven.Facts.by.Sukru.Aya.html>

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2009/01/2703-free-e-book-turkish-version-of.html>

Those who would read author Aya's biography or other conferences, videos etc. on internet may be surprised to see that he has no academic background (other than his globetrotting on business in many countries. Throughout his life he happened to meet many Armenians life in Turkey, and also few overseas on business, and he is thankful to these wonderful humans who devoted much to his personal happiness. When one travels as much as he did (starting with propeller planes over the ocean) you soon realize that "race, nationality and faith" are no serious criteria in the "decency and ethical principles" of the individual. Since 1990s he became curious on the new genocide stories and he went quite deep and large in his "researchers to satisfy my feelings for my Armenian buddies.

One surprising fact he has noticed is that most scholars follow and study each others' works, as if they are members of some club or social group. In doing so, they are (mostly) unaware of other direct and frequently stronger sources and worse is that they will not read, face, consider or debate with other researchers' opinions or documents which may distract their closed circuit opinions.

Aim of Study

The current research conducted and review written to scrutinize whether the contents of the above mentioned book reflects the truth and based on some solid evidences to support the serious charges or rather to narration of other people's narratives or works, which has no academic value at all.

Materials and Methods

The official documents in the Library of US Congress, US Senate, National Archives of United Kingdom, Newspapers printed in USA, Canada, UK, Germany and in some other European countries, League of Nations, Official Memorandums at Paris Conference, US Congress Reports, Near East Relief Reports, French sources, Malta Trials, and the UN reports browsed and searched thoroughly to find out whether the allegations were based on official documents or to narratives and fictitious stories where they sound as if reflecting the truth but just made up.

Only the published books, articles, papers, reports, newspapers, journals and written material of the authors from United States and European countries were thoroughly researched, scanned, raked through to collect enough information to review the Subject chapter, Chapter 7 of The Fall of Ottomans whether it is reflecting the truth or just based on gossips and hear and says.

Publication (published books, articles, papers, reports, newspapers, journals and written material) research, findings and analysis

Chapter 7 of the book titled “The Fall of Ottomans”: Rogan (2015)

The chapter we have received and read with references is a typical example of this scholarly attitude. We would have expected to have “some solid evidences to support the serious charges” instead of personal opinion. We believe that “a scholar must be as honest as a judge” and hence take no sides “but try to collect evidences for both sides” to compare and be fair to the defense, instead of “not wasting time on opposite leads, and ignoring irrefutable documents of highest authorities”. Another sad reality is that the Armenian sympathizers would not even read their own Armenian sources, official documents, treaties, memorandums etc. which disappear from libraries. They abstain from attending any open workshop talks, exchange of opinions or documents; in many cases conferences of reputed speakers are ticketed as “denialist” and their speeches prevented during the conference by outside intruders. Such physical experiences are quite a few in the USA, Australia and even London. Almost all accusations and charges are made in “absentia of the charged person with no opening or defense”; turncoat witnesses are skillfully found from the accused side to serve as “sincere confessionary”. Rogan (1915)

The following article of the “Reno Evening Gazette” of November 14, 1915 tells quite a bit about “beggars living in luxury” starting in late 1800’s (with other evidences) prevailing these very days as a “new industry of collecting donations by marketing hatred, antagonism, revenge and mental obsessions supported by doctored documents, huge distortions and joint propaganda likeable to simple Christian persons as lullabies about the “Terrible Turks” Reno Ev. (1915). If historians or reputed writers do not care to verify the “truth of their written-spoken opinions”, why should the rest care about?

Retrieved on June 14, 2017 from;

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2008/04/2429-new-e-book-genocide-of-truth-based.html>

Reno Evening Gazette”, Nov.14, 1915 “AMERICA and the ARMENIANS: Reno Ev. (1915)

“Having imposed a committee of well meaning but admittedly prejudiced American Missionaries, the same agencies that have been engaging in reporting Armenian outrages which never had been committed are now trying to mislead Christian charity in America and Switzerland into furnishing funds for the relief of the supposed victims of the unspeakable Turk.

It would not matter, so far as the country at large is concerned, but unfortunately there is danger that a self-sufficient person like President Wilson will accept these stories of atrocities as truth, with no further evidence than the statements of Armenians who are directly interested in raising money for the support of themselves. Professional beggars who have bled their own countrymen for years are now trying to induce kindly Americans to support them, not caring whether United States would or should not be embroiled with Turkey and through Turkey with Germany. Ambassador Morgenthau appears to have fallen a ready victim to the smooth rascals that, by apocryphal tales of outrages, have procured contributions from their Armenian countrymen abroad and in this country and have lived in luxury on the proceeds for the last 30 years.

The Ambassador seriously notified the state department that the Turks had slaughtered the “majority of the Armenians of Asia Minor”. This “majority” now turns out to be 32.000 known to be hostile to Turkey and therefore, dispossessed of their homes in Erzerum and Zeitun and interned in a district where they could be watched by Turkish troops – not killed, nor even dying. The English have done no more with German residents and even with English subjects of German birth and the Germans have done the same with English residents of the German states.

If this country, therefore, does not want to appear foolish before the whole world, it will refuse to be duped by impossible tales and will let the Armenians severely alone.” Reno Ev. (1915)

League of Nations documents:

League of Nations” - Important Documents “University of Bradford” Armenia and the League of Nations - Documents from the United Nations Library, Geneva; League of Nations Archives Collections “Note Verbal” by Secretary-General Sir Eric Drummond, (Picture 1) dated March 1st, 1920. League of Nations (1920)

Page 2: *“Further, in Turkey, minorities were often oppressed and massacres carried out by irregular bands who were entirely outside the control of the Central Turkish Government.”*

By all legal and historical standards this statement proves that the Turkish Government had no part in various banditries which were rampant.

American Newspapers and Press Releases on the attacks of the Armenians to Ottoman towns and villages

The Washington Post - Aug.10th, 1904:

“Turkish garrisons attacked by Armenian rebels. Revenge for Massacre - Several Hundred Soldiers Killed in Fighting Around Sassun... Destruction of Five Villages and Massacre of the Male Population Followed by Desperate and Successful Counter Attack”. WP (1904)

Daily Kennebec Journal - May 28th, 1914:

"Armenian Volunteers are to be Increased to 15.000 - Assoc. Press. Tiflis, April 28".
Kennebec (1914)

Iowa Recorder - June 1st, 1914:

"Destroy Many Towns - According to a dispatch from the Vali of Bitlis, Asiatic Turkey, 17 villages have been destroyed by Armenian insurgents in the district of Sassun. More than 600 Armenian families have taken refuge at Mush, a town in Bitlis." Iowa (1914)

The Washington Post - August 10th, 1914:

"Slain With Bombs - Turkish Garrisons Attacked by Armenian Rebels. . . Revenge for Massacre - Several Hundred Soldiers Killed in Fighting Around Sassun." WP (1904)

Fort Wayne Journal - Nov.6th, 1914:

"Armenians joining Russian army. The New York Times - Nov.7th, 1914: Armenians Fighting Turks - Besieging Van – Others Operating in Turkish Army's Rear." Wayne (1914)

Manitoba Free Press - Nov. 7th, 1914:

"Campaign Against Turkey - The Armenians are aiding- the Russians in the campaign against Turkey. The Turkish town of Van, 140 miles southeast of ERZURUM, Turkish Armenia, is being besieged by the Armenians." Manitoba (1914)

The Ogden Standard-Nov.12th, 1914:

"Armenians hail troops with joy - Long anticipated date of deliverance from Turks at hand – People prepared for sacrifice." Ogden (1914)

Manitoba Morning Free Press - Nov. 13th, 1914:

"Unearthing guns and ammunition - German buried big supplies battlefields outside Warsaw - Armenians in Revolt - Gathered Arms Secretly." Manitoba (1914)

Elyria Evening Telegram - Nov. 13th, 1914:

"Armenians ready to side with Russians - Want to get into war in order to be delivered from Turkish rule, says dispatch from Petrograd." Elyria (1914)

The Washington Post - Nov. 13th, 1914:

"Armenians join Russians and 20,000 scatter Turks near Feitun deal blow to Turks; Russians scatter a big army occupying Batumi valley." WP (1914)

Reno Evening Gazette – Jan. 7, 1915:

"Armenians fight for Russia - London, Jan. 7 - Reuter's Petrograd correspondent transmits a message from Tbilisi stating that a detachment of Armenian volunteers had arrived there from America. The volunteers received an enthusiastic reception." Reno Ev. (7.1.15)

Indianapolis Star - Jan.8th, 1915:

"Armenians join Russians – Volunteers Arrive at Tiflis for Army Service." Indianapolis (1915)

The New York Times – Jan. 8th, 1915:

"From America to fight – Detachment of Armenians welcomed." NYT (1.8.15)

The Washington Post - Aug. 22nd, 1915:

"Throw off Turk yoke - Armenians in Vilayet of Van End 600 Years' Oppression - Schoolmaster is Governor – May be annexed to Russia or Be Granted Autonomy After the

War (Note: Relocations started after May 27, 1915; by that time Armenians had taken Van to gift to Russia)" WP (8.22.15)

The New York Times - October 9th, 1915:
Why we aid Armenians! - Reventlow says it's because we're bought by Anglo-French Gold. (Note: Large part of relocations completed...No complaint of atrocities...) NYT (10.9.15)

The Times of London, January 30, 1919:
(From Letter sent by Boghos Nubar dated Paris, Jan.27th)
"In the Caucasus without mentioning the 150.000 Armenians in the Russian armies, about 50.000 Armenian volunteers under Andranik, Nazarbekoff and others not only fought for four years for the case of the Entente, but after the breakdown of Russia they were the only force in the Caucasus to resist the advance of the Turks." LNT (1.30.19)

Books written by European, American and Armenian authors:

Book titled "Ottoman Army 1914-1918" (Nicole,1994) (Picture 2)
On page 38 it is written as;
"in August 1914 the senior Armenian religious leader resident in Russian ruled territory proclaimed it a sacred duty for all Armenians to support the Russians... Armenian volunteer certainly started killing Muslim civilians as soon as the Russian forces crossed the Ottoman frontier. At the same time a large number of Armenian deserters from the Ottoman Army were enlisted as allies and auxiliary forces by the Russians. The rest of this sad story of massacre and counter-massacre by and upon Kurds, Armenians, Turks, Christian and Muslim Georgians as well as uprooting and departures of entire populations by Ottoman and Russian authorities European and American sources sympathetic to the Armenians estimate that 600.000 Armenians died. Turkish sources put the deaths at 300.000 and maintain that at least as many Turks and other Muslims were slaughtered – not to mention half a million Central Asian Turks massacred by Russian troops before the Russian Revolution." Nicole (1994)

"Rapport Copenhagen 1910":
Retrieved on June 14, 2017 from;
<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2009/12/2982-french-original-exclusive-first.html>

On page 26 it is written as;
"These groups are being trained for defense and attack. Our Party, has gone to all villages and in each of them selected 5 – 8 courageous persons of 45 – 50 years age, and assigned them for upper observations. These were "roving bands" to supply all needs of the defenders and to save them in case they were caught and rush to help the villages under attack of Kurds."
Apart from these roving groups there are other groups in each village.
1- Militia group: composed of some 30-50 men to defend against attack.
2- Supporting or "financing group" responsible to raise money as needed.
3- Military group responsible for supplying weapons.
4- Women group responsible for carrying letters and arranging communication between different groups.

Turkish Armenian population was organized in this manner in some 100 villages in the mush plain and Sasun. Warandian (1910)

Book titled "The Armenian Question"

Official Memorandum given at the Paris Peace Conference by (RA, 1919) (Picture 3);

On page 6 it is written as;

“Armenian volunteers fought on all the fronts; In France, in the Foreign Legion, by their bravery they covered themselves with glory. Scarcely one-tenth of their original number now survives. They fought in Syria and in Palestine, in the Legion of the Orient under French command, where they hurried in response to the call of the National Delegation... In the Caucasus, where over 150.000 Armenian men who served in the Russian army on all the fronts, an army of 50.000 men and thousands of volunteers fought through out under the supreme command of General Nazarbekian! In addition thereto, by their resistance against the Turks until the conclusion of the armistice, they forced the Turks to send troops from Palestine to the Armenian front, and thus contributed indirectly for the Allied Army Victory in Syria.” RA (1919:6)

On page 7 it is written as;

“The voice of all Armenians, dead and alive must be heard! It is true that the Armenians do not constitute the majority of the population in Armenia, but they do constitute the plurality of the population... In 1914, there were in Armenia 1.400.000 Armenians, against 943.000 Turks and 482.000 Kurds.” RA (1919:7)

On page 12 it is written as;

“Armenian claims, “Fifth” term, conditions:

- a- To bring about evacuation by the Turks, Tartars and others of all the Armenian territories. (This corresponds of 80% of the people in the undecided borders of new Armenia)*
- b- To expel and punish all who have participated in the massacres, committed excesses...*
- c- To expel from the country all disturbing elements (?) and the lawless nomadic tribes.*
- d- To return to their houses all of the Mohajirs ... (Armenians ask that all Muslim refugees who took shelter in Anatolia when expelled from the Balkans and Caucasus before and during the Balkan wars “be returned to their houses” which no longer existed.”* RA (1919:12)

Book : “Why Armenia should be free” by Garekin Pastirmadjian (Boston 1918) (Picture 4)

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2007/10/2105-free-e-book-why-armenia-should-be.htm>

On page 10 it is written as;

“...purpose of the writer in writing this booklet, is to make great American people realize that Armenians are not anemic and unaggressive people with no fighting blood in their veins; that the Armenians have not been butchered like sheep but on the contrary, have fought most bravely and resisted most stubbornly the savage attacks of the Turks, whenever they had an opportunity” Pastirmadjian (1918:10)

On page 19 it is written as;

“The Armenian reservists, about 160.000 in the number gladly responded to the call for the simple reason that they were to fight the arch enemy of their historic race! Besides regular soldiers, nearly 20.000 volunteers expressed their readiness to take up arms against the Turk.” Pastirmadjian (1918:19)

On page 21 it is written as;

“Opposite Sarikamish, where a battle was waged for three days and nights, the Turks suffered a loss of 30.000 men, mostly due to the cold weather than to the Russian arms...”

This was invaluable service rendered to the Russian army by the fourth battalion of the Armenian volunteers under the command of matchless Keri. Six hundred Armenian veterans fell in the Barduz Pass, and at such a high price saved 60.000 Russians from being taken prisoners by the Turks.” Pastirmadjian (1918:21)

On page 28 it is written as;

“...those few battalions of Armenian volunteers in 1914 and 1915, rendered to the Russians invaluable services, twice saving the right and left wings of the Russian army from an unavoidable catastrophe...” Pastirmadjian (1918:28)

Book: “DRO”

(Antranik Chalabian) IndoEuropean Publishing.com, Los Angeles, ISBN 978-1-60444-078-2

(Picture 10)

On page 94 it is written;

“A dispute between Dro and Silikian arose about this military state perspective. Silikian said: “I appoint you commander of Bash-Aparan”. Dro replied, “I will go wherever you want, just do not divide the army. Let us with full, attack the Turkish forces advancing toward Sardarapat and massacre them. What is our information? We are informed that they have altogether two battalions. Even if they reach Ashtarak, we can massacre them.” Dro (2002:94)

On page 126, it is written;

“As of the spring 1919, with the destruction of the Turks, in the Trans Caucasus Armenia became a de-facto independent and sovereign state. The people of whom 150.000 had succumbed to the horrible famine of the winter of 1918-1919, as well as cholera and typhoid epidemics (as for the whole year around 200.000 victims) had by the fall of 1919, with famine and epidemics lightening up and the delivery of flour and grain sent by the United States of America, reached a degree of relief from crisis). Dro (2002:126)

Official document titled “The Report of Niles & Sutherland”

(U.S. National Archives Ref. 184.021/175, 1919)

A paragraph (US National Archives,1919) from the report (Picture 5) written as;

“At first we were most incredulous of the stories told as, but the unanimity of the testimony of all witnesses, the apparent eagerness with which they told of wrongs done them, their evident hatred of Armenians, and, strongest of all, the material evidence on the ground itself, have convinced us as of the general truth of the facts, first, that Armenians massacred Mussulmans on a large scale with many refinements of cruelty, and second that Armenians are responsible for most of the destruction done to towns and villages. The Russians and Armenians occupied the country for a considerable time together in 1915...” US Nat. Rep (1919)

Congress Report titled “US Congress Report 266”,

A paragraph (US Congress Report, 1920) from the report (Picture 6) approved unanimously on April 13, 1920 by the US Congress at Washington written as;

“We know, however, so much to be a fact that the Armenians in the new State are carrying on operations in view of exterminating the Mussulman element in obedience to orders from the Armenian corps commander. We have had copies of their orders under our eyes. That the Armenians of Erivan are following a policy of extermination against the Mussulman and this wave of sanguinary savagery has spread right up to our frontier is also established by the fact of the presence within our borders of numerous Mussulman fleeing from death on the other side. The government of Erivan has, on the other hand,

resorted to direct acts of provocation such as the practice of gunfire this side of the border.” USCR266 (1920)

Declaration of Fridjhof Nansen released at “League of Nations Official Gazette”, dated 21.9.1929.

A paragraph from the declaration (Nansen,1929) of Fridjhof Nansen (Picture 7) written as;

“When League began to discuss this question, it came to the conclusion that it should perhaps try to do something for those refugees.. For this decision there was at least one good reason, as regards several countries at least, since during the war, when Armenians were driven out of Asia Minor and treated so badly by the Turks, the Allied Western Powers had said to the Armenians: “If you fight with us against the Turks, and if the war ends successfully for us, we promise to give a national home, liberty and independence”. The Armenians fought for the Allied Powers. Two hundred thousand volunteers sacrificed their lives for the case of the Entente; but when the Armistice was signed and peace concluded, the promise given to the Armenians was forgotten. It has been brought in this Assembly, not once, but in three different years, and unanimous resolutions have been solemnly adopted in this Assembly to the effect that we would see to it that the Armenians get their national home.” Nansen (1929)

Extension of Remarks of Hon. Emanuel Celler of New York, in the House of Representatives, on Thursday, November 1, 1945

The document reveals, the so-called Armenian National Council (not to be confused with the Armenian National Council organized and now functioning in America) appealed to Alfred Rosenberg, Nazi minister of the eastern occupied areas (Russian) to turn Soviet Armenia into a Germany colony. The council was comprised of the following Dashnag leaders: President, Prof. Ardashes Abeghlan; vice president, Abraham Gulkhandanian; secretary, Hairoutune Baghdasarlan; members, David Davidkhanian, Garegin Nuzhdeh (father of Tzaghagrons), Vahan Papazin (Count), Dro Ganayan, and Der Tovmasian.) . . . Celler (1945)

Document Revealing Dashnag Collaboration with Hitler’s Nazis (Picture 8 and Picture 11)

U.S. Archives State Department Record Group 59,867.48/271:

This is a detailed letter-report sent by US Consul J. B. Jackson in Aleppo, dated Feb.8, 1916 to the US Embassy in Istanbul or virtually to Ambassador Morgenthau, when he was leaving Turkey for USA! This letter almost confirms the Reno Gazette and gives list of ten major camps and gives 486.000 Armenians alive and no killings. Jackson (1916)

Malta Trials: (Picture 12)

The British searched everywhere for authentic documents to indict these suspects; evidence was demanded by the Queens Prosecutor! Nothing could be found in any archives including USA to make even one indictment. Finally the Dept. of Prosecutor General was officially notified with the letter of July 29, 1921 (FO 371/6504 –CAS 38182) that “there was no evidence admissible before an English Court of Justice!

Accordingly suspects were all silently returned to Nationalist Turks in early January 1922. Şimşir (2012:58)

The book titled “The Slaughterhouse Province An American Diplomats Report on the Armenian Genocide, 1915-1917” (Picture 13)

Leslie E. Davis, edited by Susan K. Blair Aristide D. Caratzas, ISBN -0-89241-458-8

On page 183 it is written;

“One of the disappointments in the present terrible situation and one of the saddest commentaries on American missionary work among the Armenians is their lack of religious and moral principles and the general baseness of the race. During all that has happened during the past year I have not heard of a single act of heroism or of self-sacrifice and the noble acts, if any, have been very few. On the contrary mothers have given their daughters to the lowest and vilest Turks to save their own lives; to change their religion is a matter of little importance to most of the people; lying and trickery and inordinate love of money are besetting sins of almost all, even while they stand in the very shadow of death... From every point of view the race is one that cannot be admired although it is one to be pitied.” Davis (1989:183)

Results

The author of the book, Mr. Rogan and his scholar friends have not checked on official sources such as the League of Nations, Official Memorandums at Paris Conference, US Congress Reports, Near East Relief Reports, French sources, Malta Trials, exchanged authentic telegrams, consular reports, treaties etc.

Discussion

Subject chapter, Chapter 7 of The Fall of Ottomans, bears no “judicially valid evidences at all”, and is a narration of other people’s narratives or works. It has no chronological consistency or any reasons properly told. These are too many and would require another chapter of verbatim answers which can be documentarily given with ease.

We would not expect that any of you would have read (Prof. Emeritus) Turkaya Atatov, who has published more than 150 books, two thirds of them in English and more than ten books are on the Armenian matter, on which he is a disliked global authority. But the “very narrow sources” of Mr. Rogan eliminates world known authorities to name a few, Edward Eriksson, Gunther Levy, Heath Lowry, Sam Weems, Jeremy Salt, Erich Feigl, Utah University Publications, Prof. Justin McCarthy, Dr. Pat Walsh, Prof. Sonyel, Mango, and Armenian names like Khatchaznoui, Dasnabedian, Garekin Pastermadjian, Boghos Nubar, Aharonian, Vratzian, Akaby Nassibian, Arthur Derounian (John Roy Carlsson), A.A. Lalaian, James Grabill, Margaret McMillan, James Barton, Admiral Bristol, and many others.

Mr. Rogan and his small entourage appear to lecture the world by simply surfing a few hundred pages whilst “stubborn researchers have gone through many ten thousand”. To give you an idea please view an essay of some 100 pages on excerpts from some 30 books that were summarized in 2005.

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2006/05/650-armenian-allegation-sources-part-i.html>

Regretfully Mr. Rogan and his scholar friends have not checked on official sources such as the League of Nations, Official Memorandums at Paris Conference, US Congress Reports, Near East Relief Reports, French sources, Malta Trials, exchanged authentic telegrams, consular reports, treaties etc.

Irrefutable evidences:

The attachments are from a book to be published in August 2017. These documents and evidences are irrefutable. This can be shared with the scholar, writers, and researchers over the world. If any of these evidences can be proven to be untrue we are prepared for an apology to the world in any form. With no personal disrespect, we think that this (book chapter) barely scratched the surface. Our evaluation after so many years is that the ARF's constitutional rule "potorig" is the blood keeping the ARF/ANCA/AGBU organizations much alive and afloat for more than of century. Hence in reality is a struggle between "very smart, educated, capable etc." executives (which must keep the story hot, since so many people depend on the contributions they give for solidarity etc.) versus decent persons who hate to be swindled with impossible tales or distortions or taken for a fool and be used as an accomplice to propagate grudge, hatred and animosities for presumed events and forgetting that "crime and punishment" is personal and not hereditary.

Conclusion

Civilized societies of the universe, have to abide existing laws and regulations. Henceforth:

1- Can Laws and Rules be applied retroactive for earlier periods before their acceptance and made public by authorized announcement?

Can we blame Germany for the Herero killings, Spaniards for Incas, British for Hindus, Belgians for Congo, Americans for mass killings of Indians or Filipinos' or Jews and Romans for crucifixion of Jesus? If your answer is YES you must show the authority and verdict of the supposed "Judicial Authority"!

2- Can Crime and Punishment (even if decided by authorized courts) be transferred, inherited by other persons, friends, relatives etc. of the "criminal person"? If your answer is "YES" we would like to have evidence first of the name of criminal and the court which gave that verdict. Secondly, we need to see the legal authority for the descendant or person who is punished on behalf of another person (the criminal)!

3- "Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide" Article 6: "Persons charged with genocide or any of the other acts enumerated in Article 3 shall be tried by a competent tribunal of the State in the territory of which the act was committed, or by such international penal tribunal as may have jurisdiction with respect to those Contracting Parties which shall have accepted its jurisdiction." UNHROC (1951)

Question: Who are the "criminal persons", which court tried and issued such a verdict?
Did the parties agree earlier for acceptance of jurisdiction?

The United Nations has a special Office [OSAPG] for such claims

<http://www.un.org/en/preventgenocide/adviser/>

but all parties "ignore this authorization" and slander their own comments "molesting international laws and agreed rules, such as":

Article 4- "Membership in the United Nations is open to a other peace-loving states which accept the obligations contained in the present Charter and, in the judgment of the Organization, are able and willing to carry out these obligations." UNOGPRP (2005)

Given all these "the very fundamental rules of law and justice", the evidenced ignorance or disrespect of the present States, Parliaments, Offices, Churches and politicians are not a mere abuse law and rules of justice, but informal immunity but they are an open molesting of existing and established laws and rules of justice and some authorities are acting as if in the comfort of "bordellos".

Reminder: Similar editorials, articles and allegations can be seen in tens of thousand pages at: <http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/search/label/Sukru%20AYA> and, <http://Armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2006/06/sukru-server-ayas-collection.htm>

Just to prove the unbelievable ignorance of history, (picture 9) minimal respect of laws to hear defense, eyewitnesses and concrete evidences, the readers may please notice the following physical evidence explained in above Part (2) summarized as below:

- (a) In all resolutions, all of the charges are made in the absence of the concerned person or party. The suspect is never notified, never asked to give information-documents-opinions etc. Even "lynching courts" are processed in the open and at the end the suspect is asked what he wants to say. All Armenian charges are made in secrecy and unilaterally; opposite view and documents are carefully avoided and pro Armenian scholars ignore even this much "ethics"!
- (b) League of Nations Note March 1, 1920: Confirms that Massacres were done by bands only. League of Nations (1920)
- (c) 1910 Copenhagen Congress Document shows all preparations for mass revolt. Warandian (1910)
- (d) Various newspaper Clips show the Revolutionary atrocities and collaboration with enemies.
- (e) Memorandum by Armenian Delegation to Paris Peace Conference, Feb. 1919, treason confirmed! RA (1919)
- (f) Book of Ambassador Pastermadjian, reconfirming all atrocities and sabotages. Also a memorandum of Boghos Nubar to British Foreign Office! Garenik (1918)
- (g) Report of Captain Emory Niles, 1919, US Confirmation of "refinements of cruelties" by Armenians. USNAR (1919)
- (h) US Senate Resolution Report of General Harbord 1919, Armenian atrocities officially proven! Harbord (1920)
- (i) League of Nations Official Gazette 21.9.1929, Armenian Fighter deaths and treason proven! League of Nations (1920)

If these evidences are true gentlemen; you are apparently lying, slandering and committing the crime of hatred and unjustified human defamation.

Given all these logical and truthful evidences which no authority can deny or ignore, Mr. Rogan owes to look into the mirror and ask himself if he was biased or ignorant of these documents before accusing a whole nation based on nothing but unproven and fabricated myths.

Acknowledgements

We kindly extend our gratitude to Şükrü Server Aya for his endless and nonstop researches on the issue.

Conflict of interest

There are no conflict of interests with any kind of material or subject of all the authors of this paper.

References

Chalabian, Antranik. (2002). Dro. Los Angeles: IndoEuropean Publishing.com, ISBN 978-1-60444-078-2

Aya, Ş. Server. (2010). The Genocide of Truth Continues But Facts Tell The Real Story. Istanbul: Derin Yayinlari, ISBN 978-605-5500-07-8.

Aya, Ş. Server. (2012). A Brief Hopscotch Stroll in the Ottoman History and Economy. Istanbul: Booklet, Derin Yayinlari,

Aya, Ş. Server. (2009). The Genocide of Truth. Istanbul: Istanbul Commerce University. ISBN 978-975-6516-24-9.

Celler, Emanuel. (1945). Extentsion of Remarks on Armenians. Washington: House of Representatives, Capitol.

UNHROHC. (1951). Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide. New York: United Nations.

<http://www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/CrimeOfGenocide.aspx>

Davis, Leslie E. (1989). The Slaughterhouse Province An American Diplomats Report on the Armenian Genocide, 1915-1917. Edited by Susan K. Blair. New York: Aristide D. Caratzas Publications. ISBN -0-89241-458-8

EET, The Evening Telegram (Elyria, Ohio). (1914). Armenians ready to side with Russians. Lorain: The Lorain Journal Company, Ohio. Nov.13, 1914

FWJ, Fort Wayne Journal. (1914). Armenians joining Russian Army. Fort Wayne: 600 W. Main St. Fort Wayne, IN. Nov. 6, 1914

Iowa Recorder. (1914). Destroy Many Towns. Iowa: Green Digitized Papers 1876-2013. June 1, 1914

IS, Indianapolis Star. (1915). Armenians join Russians. Indianapolis: Gannet Company, Indiana. Jan. 8, 1915

Jackson, J.B. (1916). Letter-Report. Aleppo: US Consulate.

Harbord G. James. (1919). Report of the American Military Mission to Armenia. Washington DC: Warrington Government Printing Offices. Printed in 1920

LNT, The Times of London. (1919). Letter of Boghos Nubar. London: News Corporation. January 30, 1919

Kennebec Journal, The. (1914). Armenian Volunteers are to be Increased. Augusta: Maine, USA. May 28, 1914

League of Nations. (1920). Armenia and League of Nations. Bradford: University of Bradford, UK.

Nansen, Fridthjof. (1929). Declaration at Sixteenth Plenary Meeting. Geneva: League of Nations, Palais Wilson, Geneva, 21.9.1929

Nicole D., Ruggeri R. (1994). Ottoman Army 1914-1918. Oxford: Osprey Publishing, p.38, ISBN 185532121

NYT, The New York Times. (1915). From America to fight. New York: The New York Times Company. Jan. 8, 1915

NYT, The New York Times. (1915). Why we aid Armenians. New York: The New York Times Company. Oct. 9, 1915

M. Warandian. (1910). Rapport du Daschnakzoutioun. Turquie, Caucase, Perse. Geneva: Switzerland.

MFP, Manitoba Free Press. (1914). Campaign against Turkey. Winnipeg: FP Canadian Newspapers Limited Partnership. Nov. 7, 1914

MFP, Manitoba Free Press. (1914). Unearthing guns and ammunition. Winnipeg: FP Canadian Newspapers Limited Partnership. Nov. 13, 1914

OS, Ogden Standart. (1914). Armenians hail troops with joy. Ogden: Sandusky Newspapers, UTAH. Nov. 12, 1914

Pastermadjian, Garenik. (1918). Why Armenia Should be Free. Boston: Hairenik Publication

Reno Gazette-Journal. (1915). Nevada: Gannet Company

Reno Evening Gazette. (1915). Armenians fight for Russia. Nevada: Gannet Company. Jan 7, 1915.

Reno Evening Gazette. (1915). AMERICA and the ARMENIANS. Nevada: Gannet Company. November 14, 1915.

Representatives of Armenia. (1919). The Armenian Question Before the Peace Conference. Paris: Armenian Memorandum – February 26, 1919, Submitted at the Paris Peace Conference by the Representatives of Armenia to the Peace Conference at Versailles, Paris

Rogan, Eugene. (2015). The Fall of the Ottomans: The Great War in the Middle East. New York: Basic Books

Şimşir, Bilal N. (2012) Malta Sürgünleri. Ankara: Bilgi Yayınevi. Ed.6, p.58

UNOGRPRP, United Nations Office On Genocide Prevention and the Responsibility to Protect. (2005). Responsibility to Protect. New York: United Nations.

US National Archives Ref. 184.021/175. (1919). The Report of Niles & Sutherland. Istanbul: Constantinople, Aug. 16, 1919

USCR266, US Congress Report 266. (1920). American mission to Armenia. Washington: approved unanimously by the US Congress, Capitol, Washington on April 13, 1920.

WP, Washington Post. (1904). Turkish Garrison attacked by Armenian rebels. Washington, D.C.: Nash Holdings LLC, 08.10.1914

WP, Washington Post. (1914). Armenians join Russians. Washington, D.C.: Nash Holdings LLC, 11.13.1914

WP, Washington Post. (1915). Throw off Turk yoke. Washington, D.C.: Nash Holdings LLC, 08.22.1915

Internet

Armenian Genocide Resource Center. (2009). Full Transcript Of The Soghomon Tehlirian 1921 Trial. Retrieved June 14, 2017, from

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2009/06/2893-full-transcript-of-soghomon.html>

Armenian Genocide Resource Center. (2009). Written declaration of General Von Schellendorf as printed in Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, Nr. 342; July 24, 1921, retrieved on June 14, 2017 from <http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2005/07/78-german-officers-genocide-eyewitness.html>

Celler, Emanuel. "Extentsion of Remarks on Armenians", 1945, House of Representatives, Capitol, Washington. Retrieved on September 11, 2017 from

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2014/04/3457-hon-emanuel-celler-ny-house-of.html>

Osmanlı Tarihi Ansiklopedisi. (2013). Osmanlı Tarihi Hakkında Ansiklopedik Bilgi, Hilafet. Retrieved September 19, 2017, from

<http://osmanliansiklopedisi.blogspot.com/2012/07/hilafet.html>

Pastermadjian, Garenik. (1918). Why Armenia Should be Free. Boston: Hairenik Publication, 1918. Retrieved on August 26, 2017 from

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2007/10/2105-free-e-book-why-armenia-should-be.html>

Pastermadjian, Garenik. (1918). Why Armenia Should be Free. Boston: Hairenik Publication, Boston 1918. Retrieved on August 26, 2017 from <http://www.tallarmeniantale.com/pasdermadjian.htm>

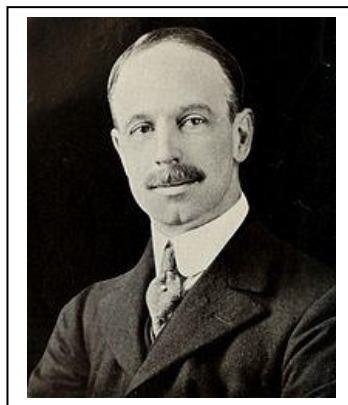
RA, Representatives of Armenia. (1919). The Armenian Question Before the Peace Conference. Paris: Armenian Memorandum – February 26, 1919, Submitted at the Paris Peace Conference by the Representatives of Armenia to the Peace Conference at Versailles, Paris

<http://armenians-1915.blogspot.com/2008/06/2512-free-e-book-armenian-question.html>

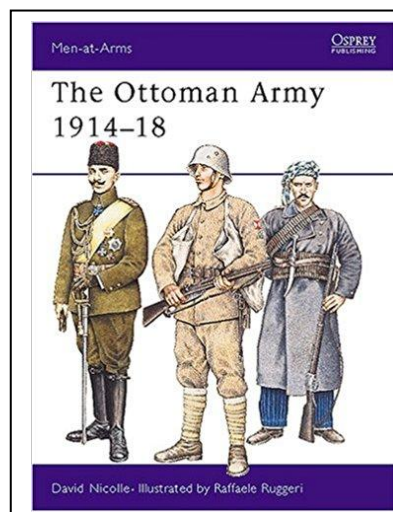
U.S. National Archives Ref. 184.021/175. (1919) . The Report of Niles & Sutherland. Istanbul: Constantinople, Aug. 16, 1919. Retrieved on October 1, 2017 from http://louisville.edu/a-s/history/turks/Niles_and_Sutherland.pdf

FIGURES

Picture 1: Sir Eric Drummond - 16th Earl of Perth (on page 7)



Picture 2: The Ottoman Army 1914-18 (on page 8)



Picture 3: The cover of book titled “The Armenian Question” (on page 9)



Picture 4: Book titled “Why Armenia should be free” (on page 10)



Picture 5: US
(on page 11)

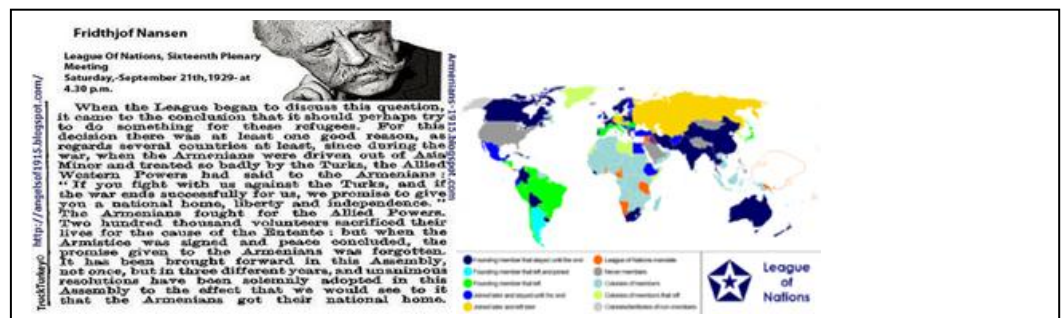


National Archives

Picture 6: Congress Report 266 (on page 11)



Picture 7: Declaration of Fridthjof Nansen. (on page 11)



Picture 8: Document Revealing Dashnag Collaboration with Hitler's Nazis (on page 12)



Picture 9: Medieval Christianity: Sinners— Jews and Moslems being punished by devils in hell. (Muslim propaganda in Germany produced during the [Ottoman wars in Europe](#), 16th century) (on page 13)
Retrieved on May 19,2017 from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Propaganda_techniques .

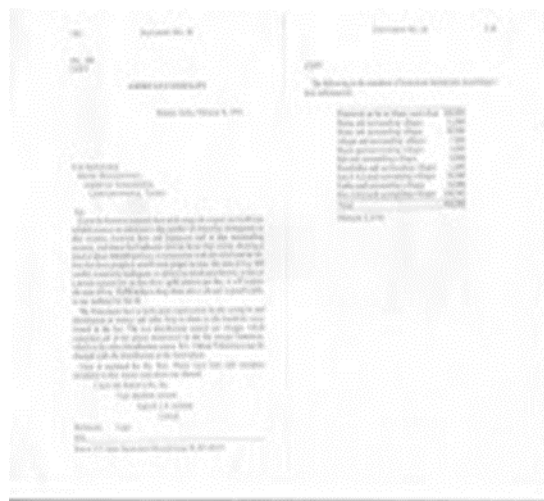


Picture 10: “Dro” Drastamat Kanajan” later founded the “Armenian Legion in the Nazi Army” Photo shows three Revolution leaders in 1914 Khetcho, Dro, Armen Garo, joining Russians. 1914 (on page 10)





Picture 11: Document Revealing Dashnag Collaboration with Hitler's Nazis (on page 12)



Picture 12: Some of the 144 Ottoman dignitaries interned on Malta for 30 months as suspects of “Armenian massacres” awaiting “evidencing documents” for indictment. No documents could be found to indict any of them. (on page 12)



Picture 13: The cover of Book titled “The Slaughterhouse Province An American Diplomats Report on the Armenian Genocide, 1915-1917”, (on page 12)
by Leslie E. Davis, edited by Susan K. Blair Aristide D. Caratzas, ISBN - 0-89241-458-8

